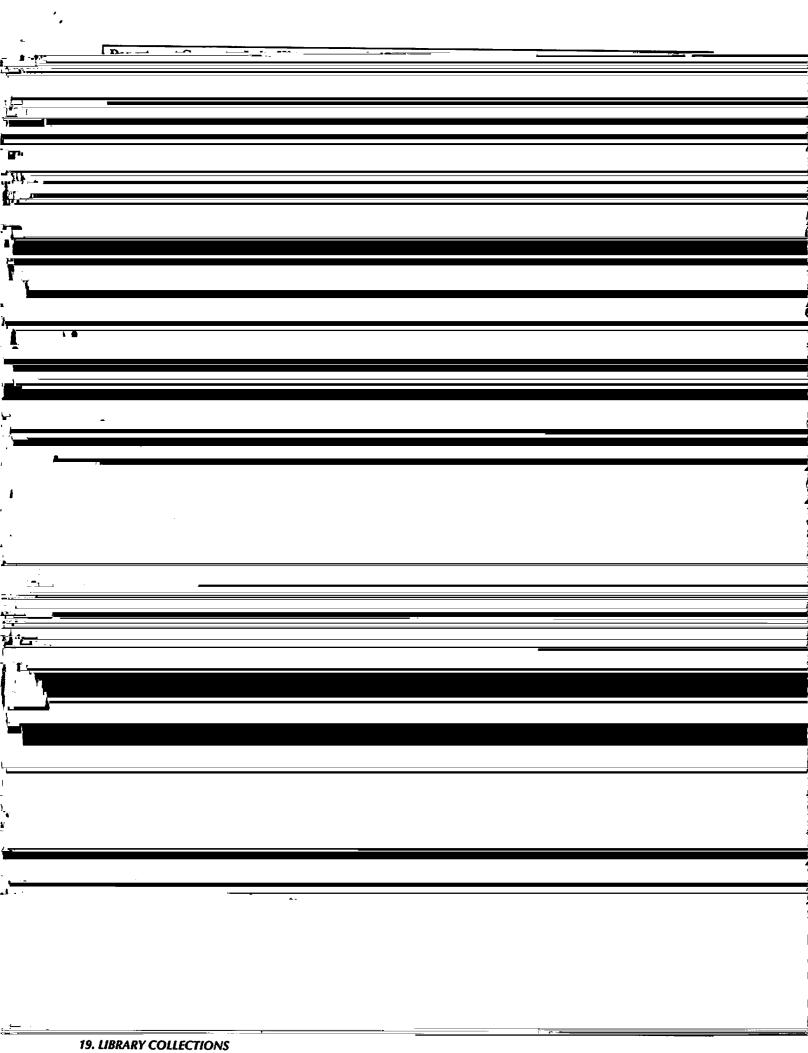
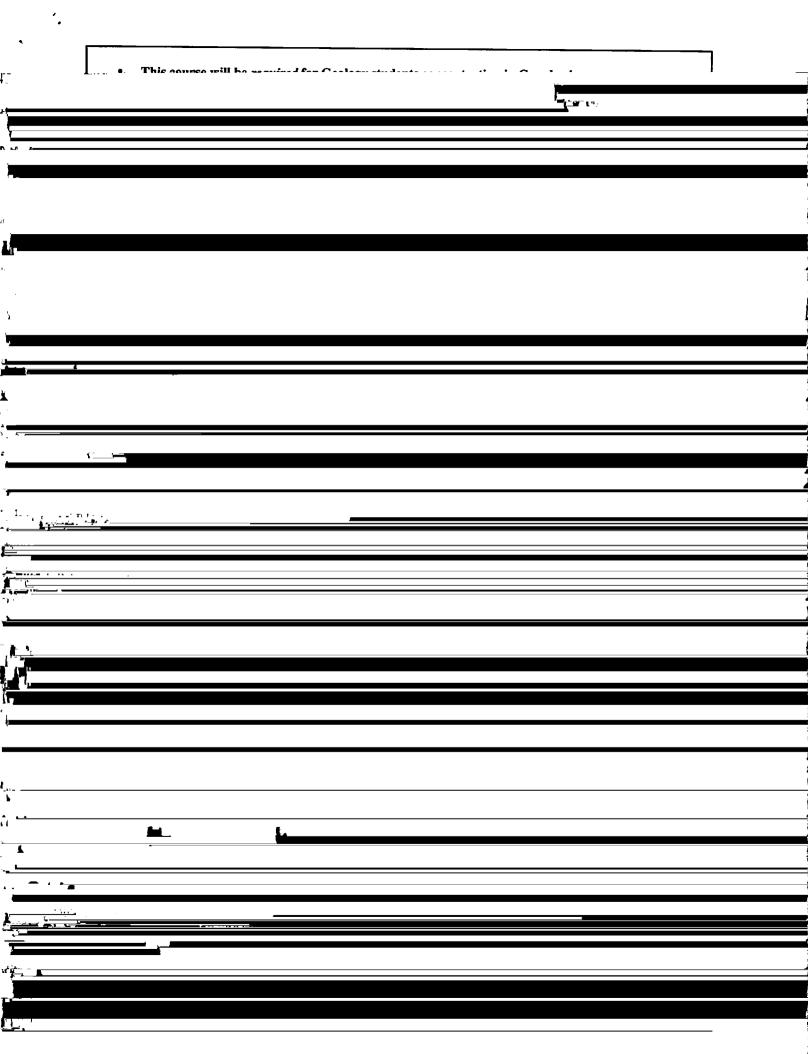
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| SUBMITTED BY:                                 |   |                                  |  |
| Department Prepared by                        | Geology and Geophysics Erin Pettit                            | College/School Phone             | CNSM   |
| * · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·       | Pettit@gi.alaska.edu  | Faculty Contact                  | 5389<br>Erin Pettit                          |
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|                | Earth's cryosphere includes seasonal snow, permafrost, sea ice, mountain glaciers, and ice sheets. This course will cover the formation of each of these forms of snow and ice and their response to changing environmental conditions. Interdisciplinary perspectives allow study of the role snow and ice plays within the Arctic system (including atmosphere, ocean, and ecosystems), with an emphasis on Alacka. The expendence will also be placed in contact of the |             |
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| Signature, Dean, College/School of:                      |      |  |

Correction: to be offered spring of even-numbered years.

## CATALOG DESCRIPTION

GEOS F377 O Ice in the Climate System

3 Credits Even-Offered Spring (XXI)-numbered Years

Earth's cryosphere includes seasonal snow, permafrost, sea ice, mountain glaciers, and ice sheets. This course will cover the formation of each of these forms of snow and ice and their response to

# Ice in the Climate System GEOS F377 O Syllabus

Erin Pettit

email: pettit@gi.alaska.edu (email is best way to contact me)

**INSTRUCTOR:** 

Offices: 338 Reichardt and 410 B Elvey (GI)

Office hours: by appointment

you are welcome to drop by my office anytime after noon, I am

glad to help if I have time.

COURSE LOGISTICS:

Time: We will meet Wednesday and Friday from 1 to 2pm and Thursdays from 2 to 5 pm.

Place: Reichardt 229

PREREQUISITES:

PHYS F103X AND MATH F200X; permission of instructor

**COURSE MATERIALS:** 

**Book:** There will be one required textbook:

The Global Cryosphere: Past, Present and Future by Barry and Gan, 2011,

Cambridge University Press.

Course Packet There will be a course reading packet that contains selected required readings and worksheets for activities. This will be available on Blackboard at the beginning

- 4. On Sea Ice by Weeks
- 5 Dunamics of Snow and Ice Masses by Colbeck
- 6. Glaciers by Hambrey and Alean
- 7. The Little Ice Age by
- 8. Physics of Glaciers by Cuffey and Paterson
- 9. Earth's Climate: Past and Future by Ruddiman
- 10. Glaciers of North America by Ferguson
- 11. Avalanche Handbook by McClung and Schaerer
- 12. Glacier Science and Environmental Change by Knight
- 13. Sea Ice by Thomas and Dieckmann

### COURSE DESCRIPTION:

Snow, permafrost, sea ice, glaciers, and ice sheets (the cryosphere) play a major role in both local and global climate an ocean system. In this course will will use an interdisciplinary

in climate climate and environmental conditions and how the local environment responds to changes in snow and ice. We will emphasize Alaska and the Arctic, but also study the global interactions between ice and the climate system. As a grouphysics course, we will emphasize

|                                       | bio <u>logi</u> cal and_physical processes. During most activities, you will work on interdiscip <del>lingure</del>  |
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| CC                                    | OURSE GOALS: The goal of this course is to build students foundational knowledge in the cryospheric components of the global climate system, with a particular emphasis on the Arctic. After this course, the students will be able to discuss knowledgeably many aspects of Alaskan |
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| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | learning environment that builds their confidence in making observations, framing questions, and designing experiments in order to understand physical processes.  |

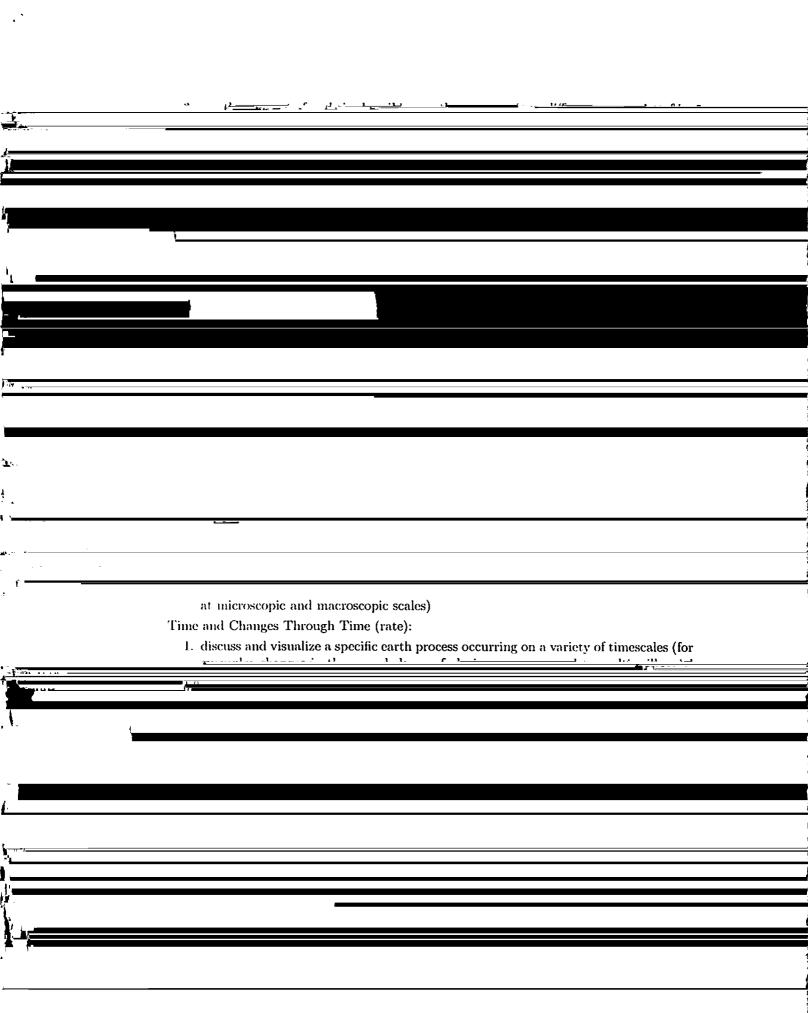
Content

Students will be able to:

STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES:

1. Classify ice masses (land and sea ice) based on their formation, morphology, tem-

perature,



| Prezi: We will use spatial presentation software Prezi (prezi.org) for concept maps as well                                 |
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| email account to create a FREE prezi educational account for yourself. Please take time to familiarize yourself with prezi. |
| Website: The course website is http://ice.gi.alaska.edu/education/iceandclimate   |
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|              | ASSESSMENT:    | Attendance (5 pts per week) Written Assignments (40 pts each) Oral Assignments (40 pts each) Completion of Outline/Notes from Readings Written Final Oral Final Contributions to Activities and Discussions (5 pts per week) | 70<br>360<br>480<br>100<br>120<br>120<br>70  |
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|              |                | attend and participate. As written above, you may miss two but Block without penalty.  | Wed/Fri                                      |

| A+ (97-100%)  | =1280 |
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| A (93-96.9%)  | =1228 |
| A- (90-92.9%) | =1188 |
| B+ (87-89.9%) | =1148 |
| B (83-86.9%)  | =1096 |
| B- (80-82.9%) | =1056 |
| C+ (77-79.9%) | =1016 |
| C (73-76.9%)  | =964  |
| C- (70-72.9%) | =924  |
| D+ (67-69.9%) | =884  |
| D (63-66.9%)  | =831  |
| D- (60-62.9%) | =792  |
| F (0-59.9%)   | =0    |

Minimum Points Required:

DISABILITY ACCOMMODATION: The Office of Disability Services implements the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), and insures that UAF students have equal access to the campus and course materials. UAF is committed to equal opportunity for all students. If

you have a documented disability, please let us know AS SOON AS POSSIBLE, and we will work with the Office of Disabilities Services to make the appropriate accommodation(s). If you have a specific undocumented physical, psychiatric or learning disability, you will benefit greatly by providing documentation of your disability to Disability Services in the Center for Hoelth and Counciling 474-7043 TTV 474-7045 (Research) programming issues

If you are the first in your family to attempt a four-year college degree, and/or eligible for Pell grants, you have opportunities for tutorial and other forms of support from the office of Student Support Services. We will collaborate with the Office of Disabilities and/or the Office

# Ice in the Climate System GEOS F377 O Schedule

Wednesday: 1-2pm ("W Class") Thursday 2-5pm ("Block") Friday 1-2pm ("F Class")

Typical weekly content:

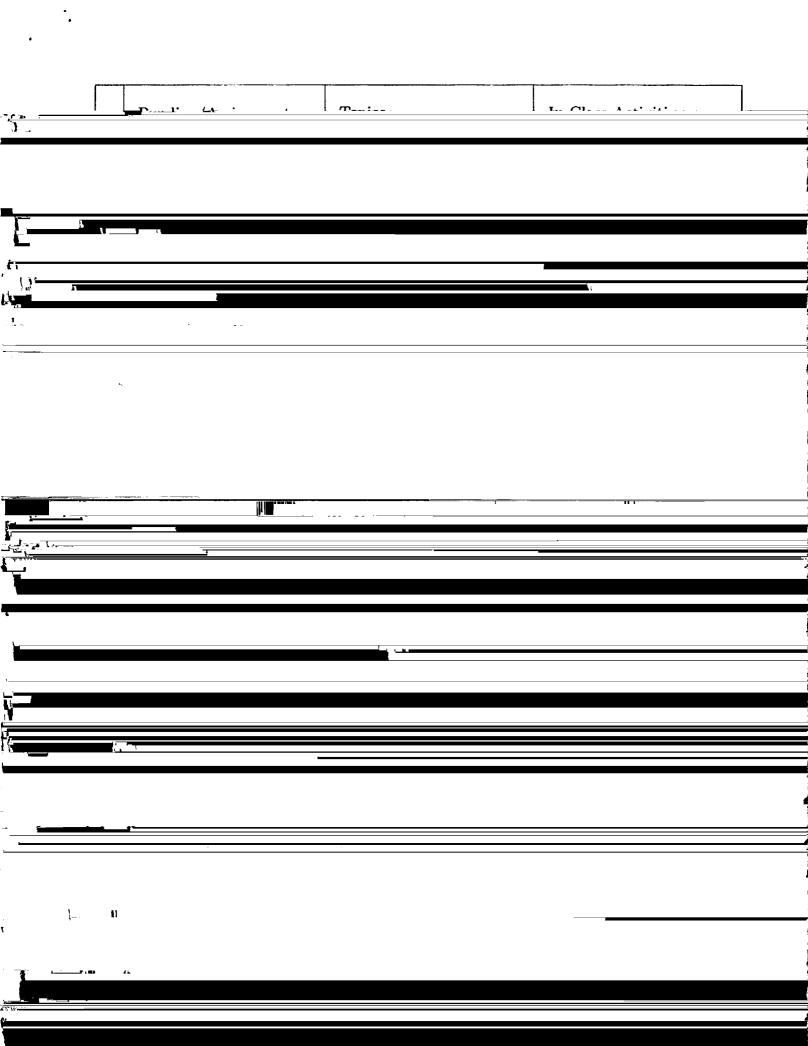
Wednesday (W Class): one hour of introduction to concepts for the week.

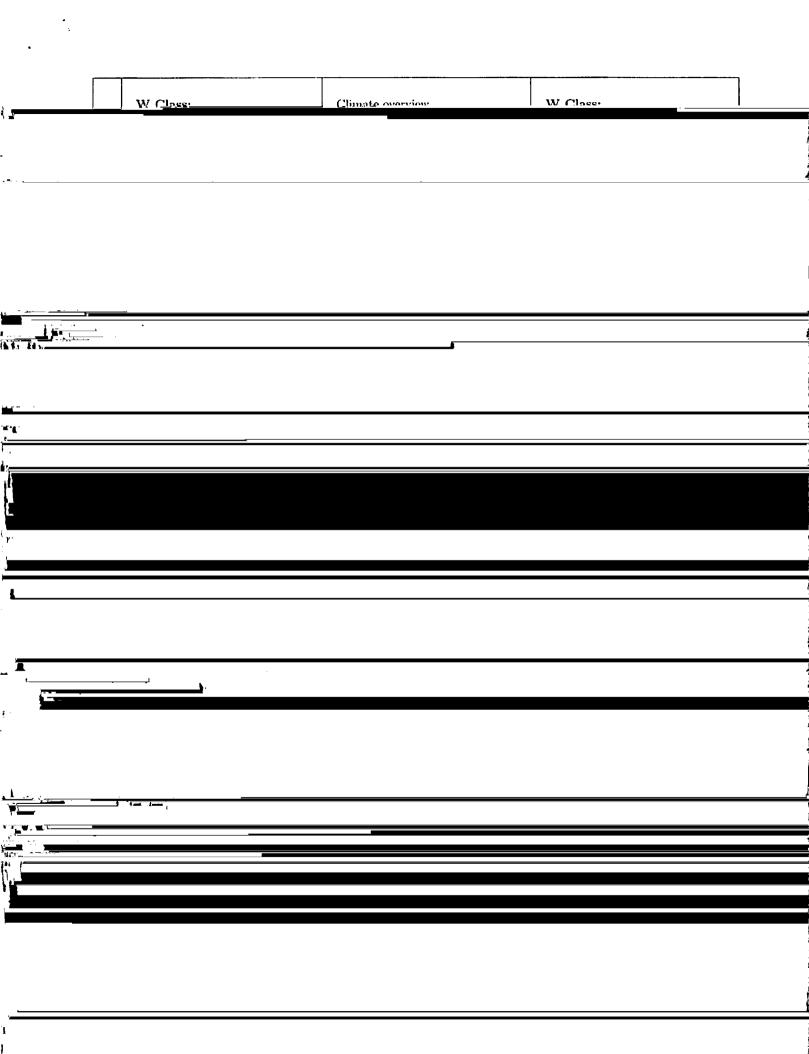
- Students arrive having read the material and taken notes or answered questions based on an outline I provide(with incentives such as random checking of outline/notes or initial activity that requires using some basic concepts from reading).
- Question Time: Discussion regarding questions emailed to me the night before or asked at this point to clear up questions from reading.

• 1-2 activities such as small group discussions, gallery walks, think/pair/shar, jigsaws that require them to work alone and together to solve problems/answer questions/practice using material from the reading.

The state of the state of the dead of the de

|             | <u>Selected Readings the following Books:</u>   |
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|             | Marchand Life in the Cold  Archer and Rahmstorf The Climate Crisis  |
|             | Colbeck Dynamics of Snow and Ice Masses Cuffey and Paterson Physics of Glaciers   |
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W Class: Written #4 due Barry Sea Ice W Class: Sea Ice Growth Activity and Gan Ch 7 F Class: Sea Ice group ques-9 • formation Thomas and Dieckmann 5tion/problem solving activity • growth as Written #5 Block: No reading

Week son Ch 8 • erosion F Class: Special types of Moun-Post and Others (2011) • tidewater glaciers tain Glaciers Vita and Danasha (2010) 

Mountain Glaciers

• movement and flow

W Class:

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Selections from Cuffey and Pater-

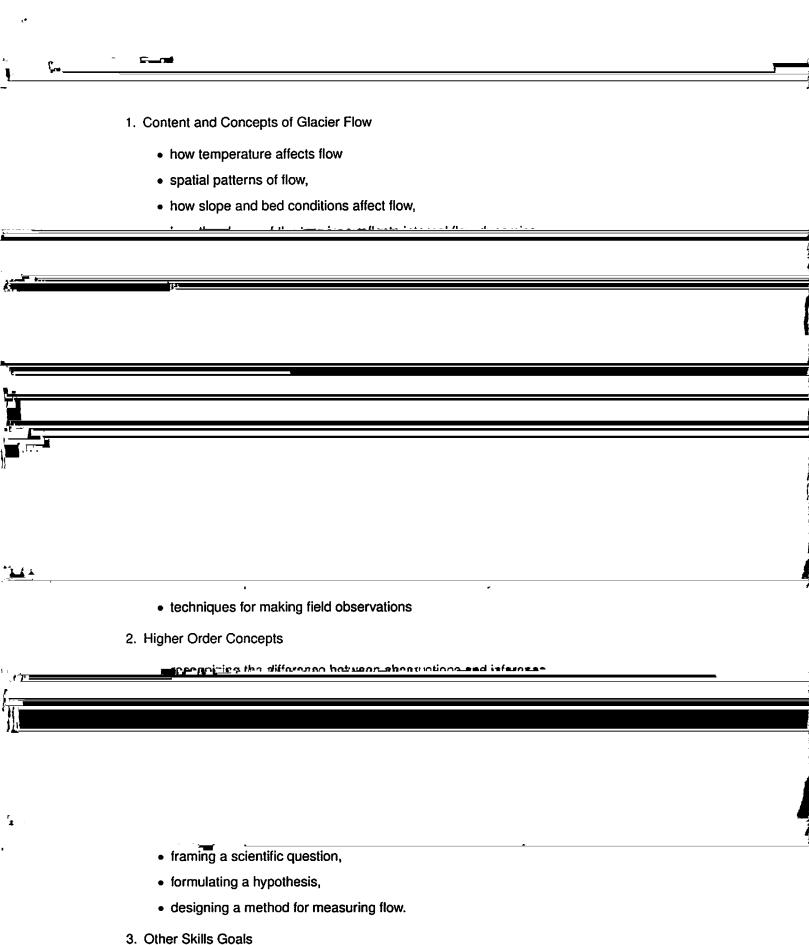
W Class: Designing Experiments

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W Class: Questions/Problem solving turned in as Written Cryosphere-Climate W Class: Barry and Gan Ch 9.5-9.6, Ch 10 • Feedbacks #9



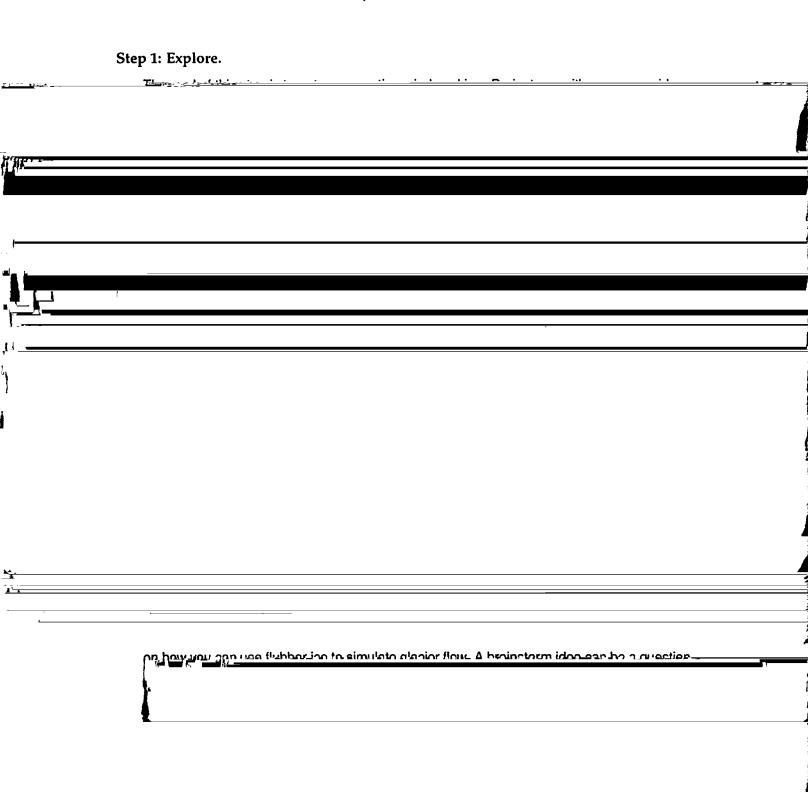


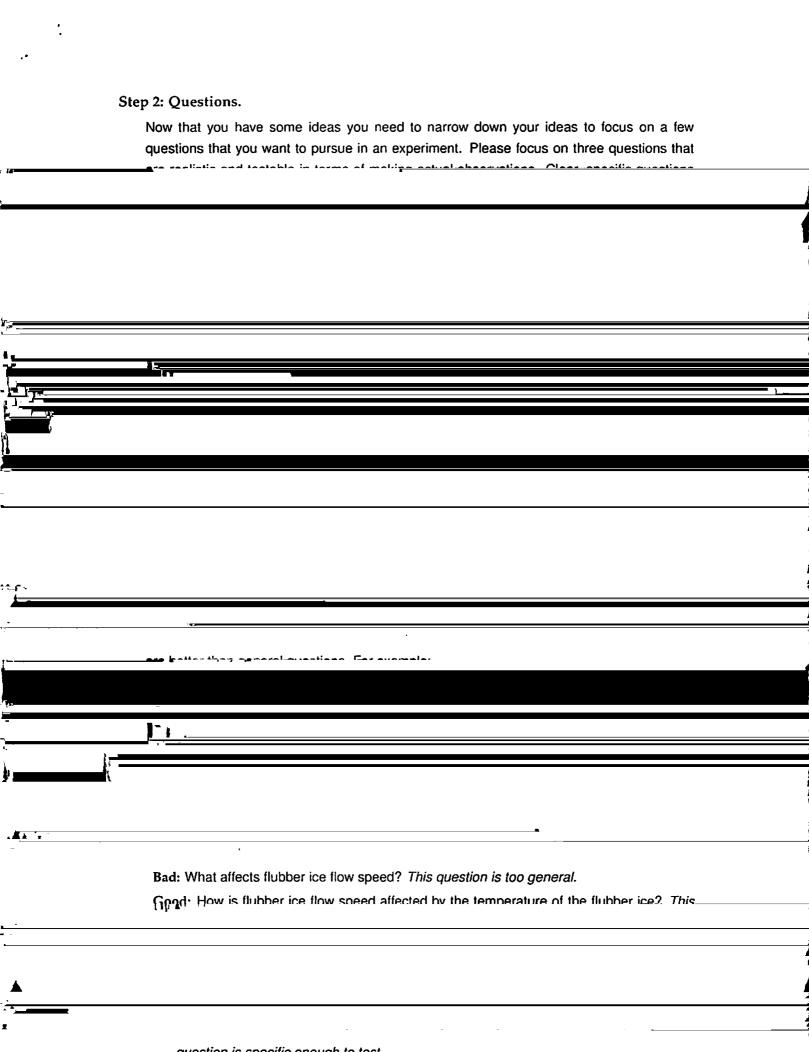
conclusions with data directly supporting those conclusion. A rubric will be provided to the students describing the assessment in detail. Individual students will additionally be assessed on their contributions to the group effort.

## 6 Materials

1. Flubber Ice (make multiple colors) Mix 1 = 3/4 cup warm water. 1 cup Elmer's glue, food coloring learn about glacier flow. This activity is designed to help you learn both concepts regarding glacier flow as well as concepts in how the scientific method works.

This is based on Dr. Pettit's version of the scientific method (which has some slight variations from the "standard" scientific method).





|            | 3 Re aware that some experiments may go quickly, some slowly. If your experiment goes  |
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|            | 4. List the materials that are necessary. For example, are toothpicks useful? If so, how will you use them? What measuring device will you use?  |
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|     | conclusions as they relate directly to your questions and hypotheses. These conclusions will   |
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|     | be as specific as possible. If the flubber ice at $-5^{\circ}$ C flows 10 times faster than flubber ice at $-10^{\circ}$ C then write this down as your conclusion (not just that warm flubber ice flows faster)   |
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|     | Step 7: Uncertainty and Error Analysis.  |

As you write out your conclusions and compare them with other groups running similar experiments it is critical for you to think through what factors might have led to small differences in your measurements. Did you do multiple runs with the same exact conditions? This will help you understand the uncertainties caused by your experimental design. How well were you able to make each measurement with the tools that you have? For example, is your ruler for measuring distances ticked off in mm or cm? Make a list of nossible sources of errors

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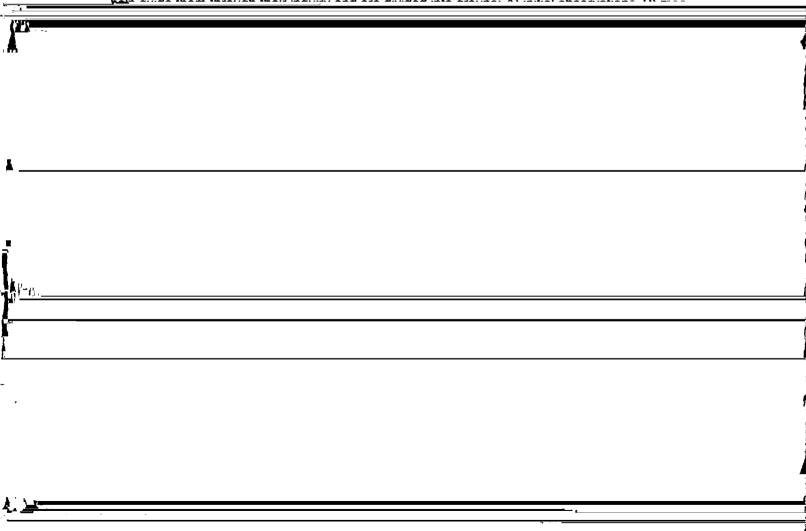
# GEOS 377 O Ice and Climate Snow Exploration Erin Pettit University of Alaska Fairbanks

| This activity is intended to get students engaged and thinking about the role that snow plays  knowledge can do. The students dig shallow snow pits on campus make observations of texture |       | 1 Brief Description  |
|--|-------|--|
| knowledge can do. The students dig shallow snow pits on campus make observations of texture  |       | This activity is intended to get students engaged and thinking about the role that snow plays  |
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- 2. Higher Order Concepts
  - (a) recognizing the difference between observations and inference,
  - (b) framing a scientific question,
  - (c) formulating a hypothesis,
  - (d) designing a method for measuring density.
- 3. Other Skills Goals
  - (a) working in groups
  - (b) synthesizing results toward making an oral presentation

## 4 Description

The students will come into this activity with no or very little knowledge of snow. They will divide into groups, each group receiving the first list of questions (on Rite-in-Rain paper). The questions

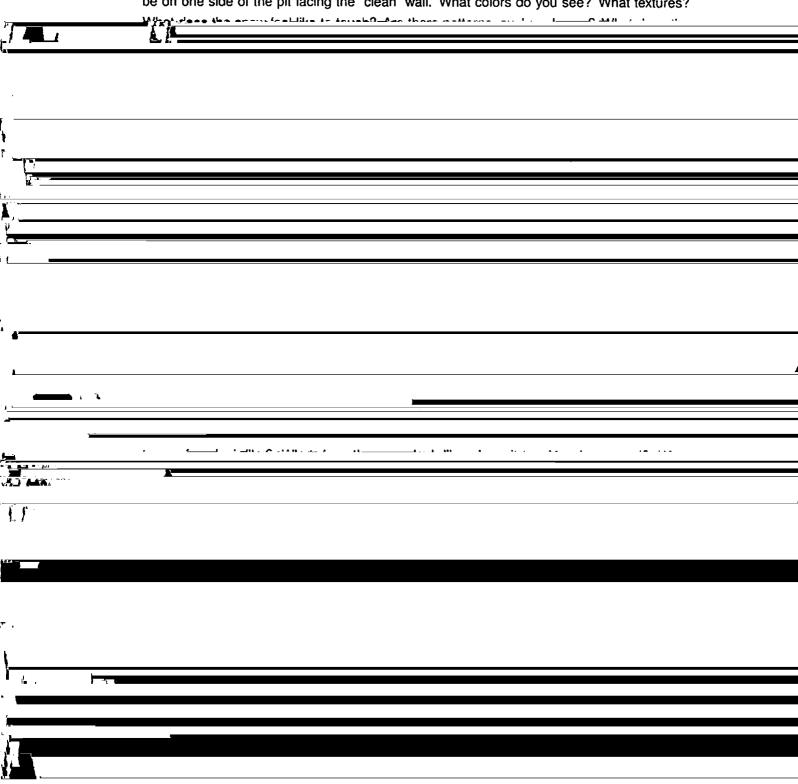


## 5 Evaluation

|              | The activity involves the students answering 3 series of questions, some of which have more    |
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## Discovering Snow: Part A

- 1. Find a site that has not been trampled by footsteps, dig a square pit down to the ground keeping one side of the pit free of footsteps!.
- 2. Sketch the wall of your pit that is on the non-trampled side (all persons in the group should be on one side of the pit facing the "clean" wall. What colors do you see? What textures?



# Discovering Snow: Part C relate to these questions. You may do this in the classroom or outside, or both. This is a brainstorming session, write down all ideas, you can discuss them, but do not judge them critically yet 1. How does the ground underneath the snow affect the snowpack? What if the snow fell on top of a picnic table? Would it look different?

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|  | 2. What other background knowledge (from coursework, personal experience) does your group have that you feel might contributes to answering the question?  |   |
|  | 3. What are several ideas (2-4) that might be answers to your overarching question?  |   |
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